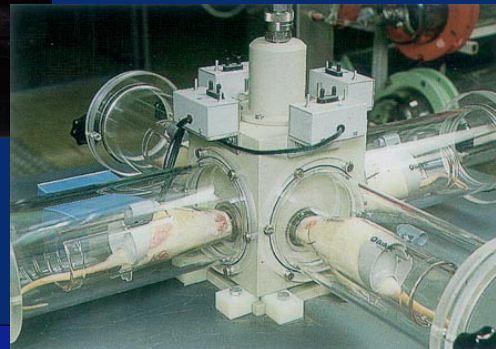


Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research



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- 70 years of experience
- Annual turnover >500 million euro
- Independent organisation
- 14 Research Institutes
- 5000 employees



t

Isolated Chicken Eye Test

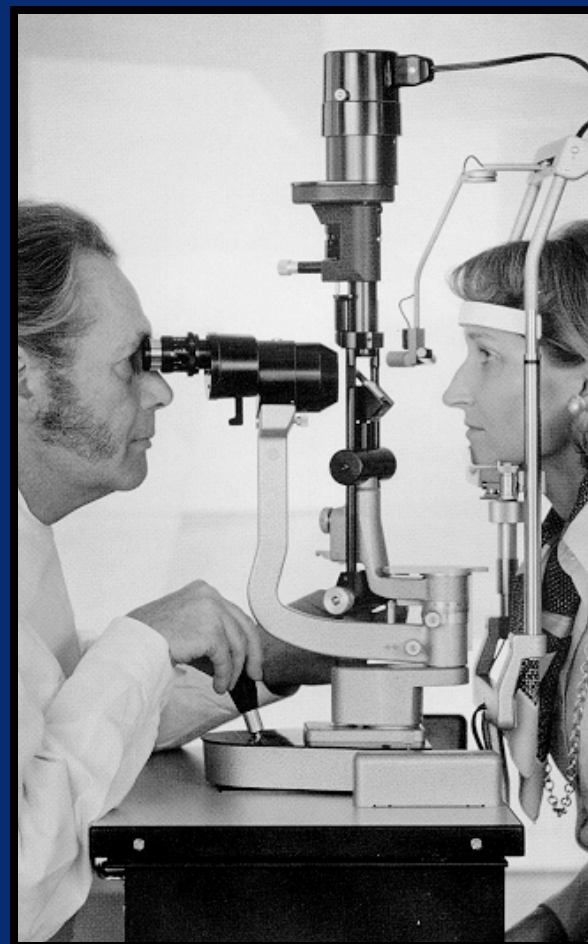
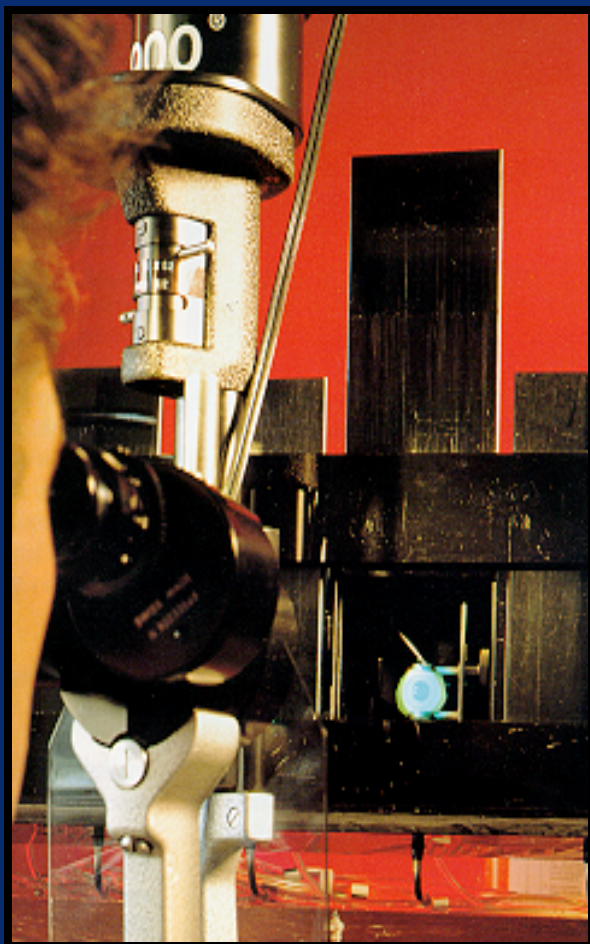
Menk Prinsen

- **Toxicologist**
- **Responsible for acute toxicology since 1981**
- **Practical experience with IRE, ICE, BCOP and HET-CAM**

ICE in protocol toxicology

- **Developed by Herman Koëter and Menk Prinsen**
- **Based on method of Burton (1981)**
 - Isolated rabbit eyes in superfusion apparatus
 - 10-sec. application
 - slit-lamp examination cornea (swelling, opacity, fluorescein)
- **Embedded in acute toxicology testing since 1992**
 - Eye irritation
 - Skin irritation
 - acute oral toxicity
 - Acute dermal toxicity
 - sensitization

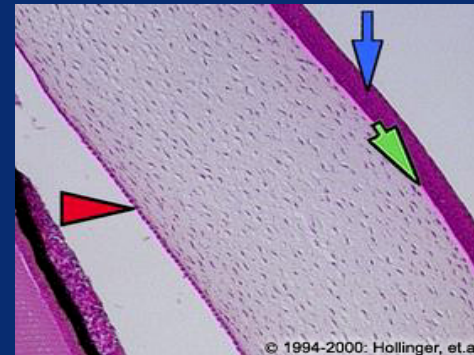
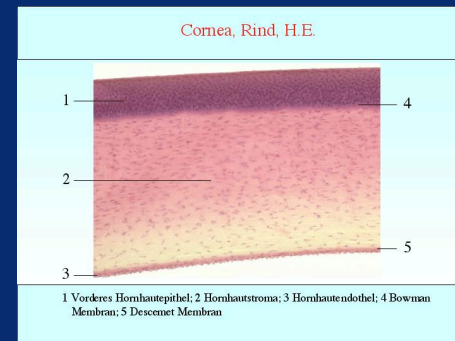
ICE in protocol toxicology



ICE – Test design

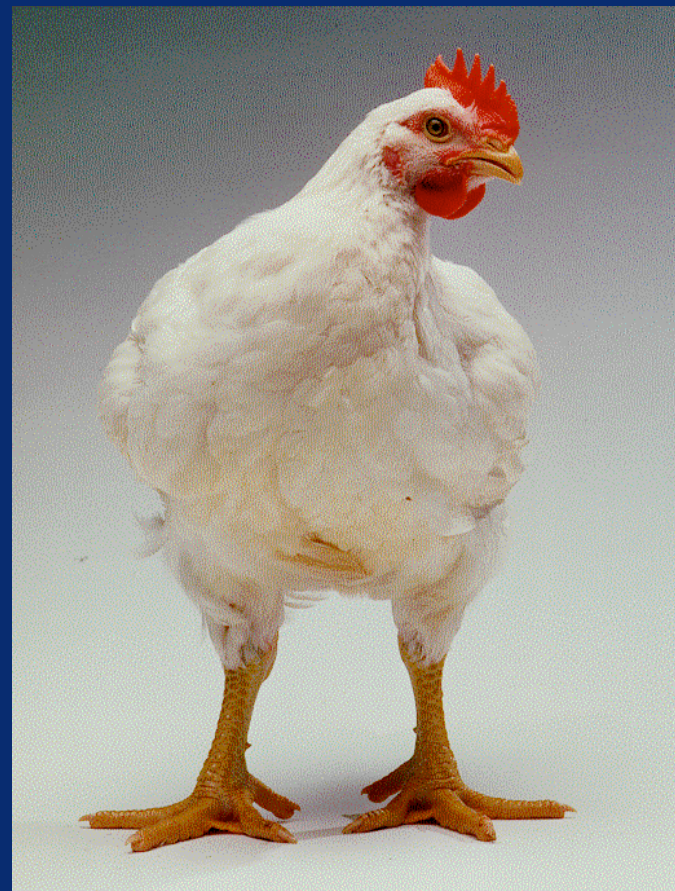
Slaughterhouse species

- **Bovine**
eyes too big
cornea too thick (mild irritants)
- **Porcin**
difficult to collect
cornea too thick (mild irritants)
- **Chicken**
easy to collect
cornea comparable to rabbit/man
very uniform

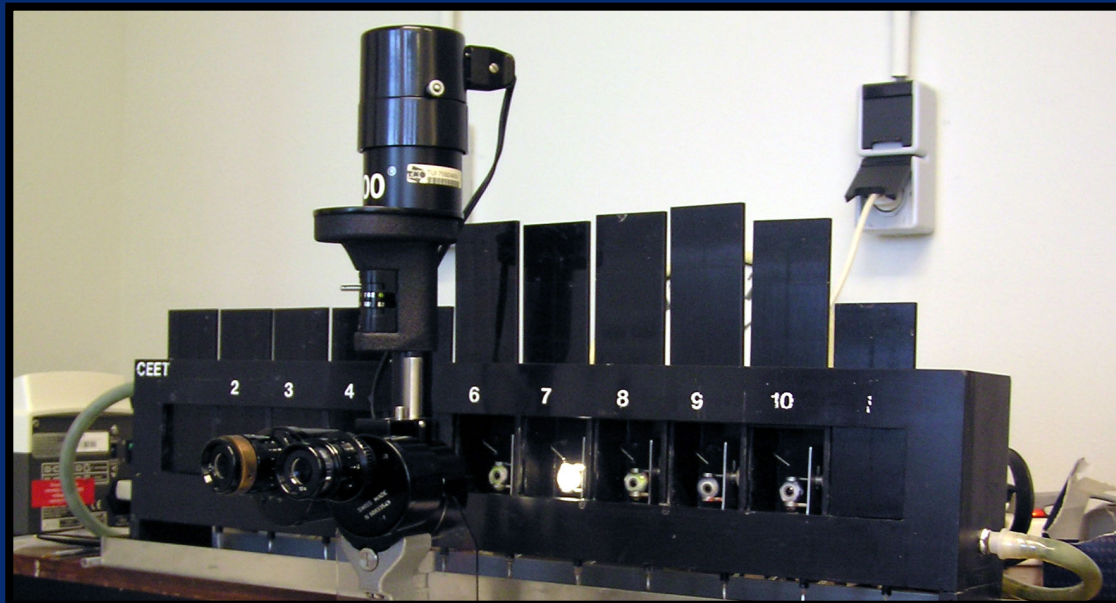


ICE– Test design

- Ross spring chicken
- 50.000 per day
- Sedation by electroshock
- Collection during bleeding
- Uniform and robust



ICE – Test design



Superfusion apparatus

- 11 chambers with sliding doors
- Water mantle
- Saline inlet and outlet

ICE – Test design



Waterbath/pump

- Control set at 37 °C

ICE – Test design

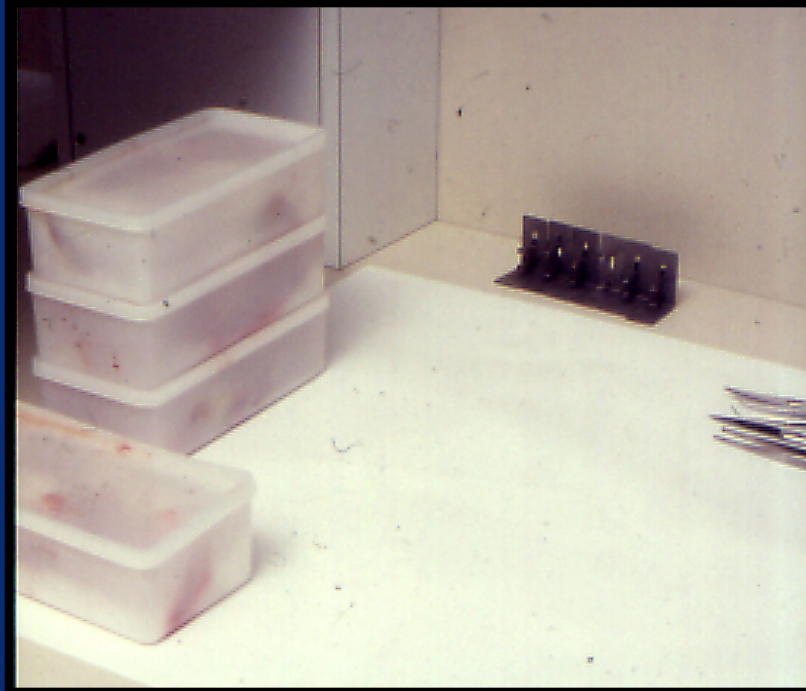


- Peristaltic pump
- 12 channel
 - Passes water mantle
 - Saline drip

ICE – Test design

• Haag-Streit Slit lamp microscope	9,000 \$
• Peristaltic pump (12-channel)	2,500 \$
• Water-bath	750 \$
• Superfusion apparatus	2,500 \$
• Eye clamps	250 \$
Total	15,000 \$

ICE – Test design



Transport boxes

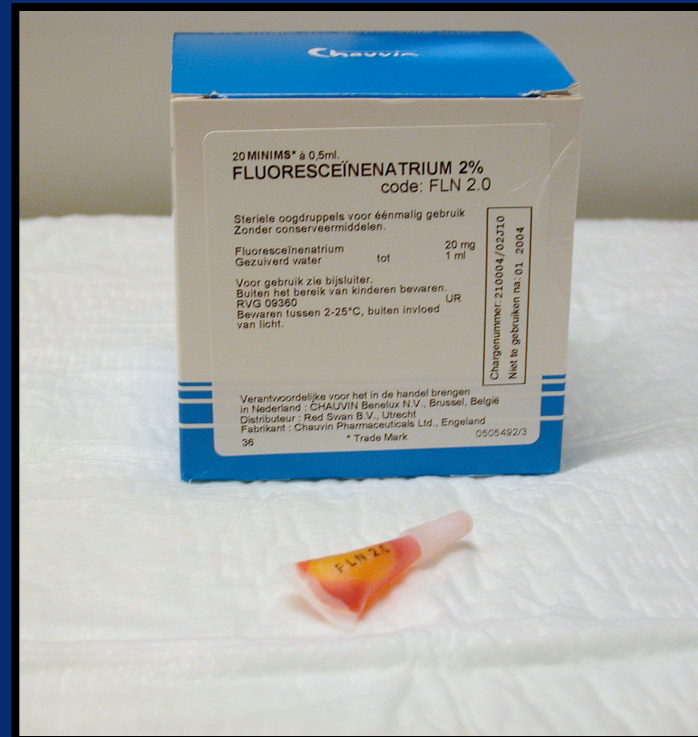
- 3 heads per box
- Moistened tissue
- Ambient temperature

ICE – Test design



- clamps
- Bent scissors
- forceps

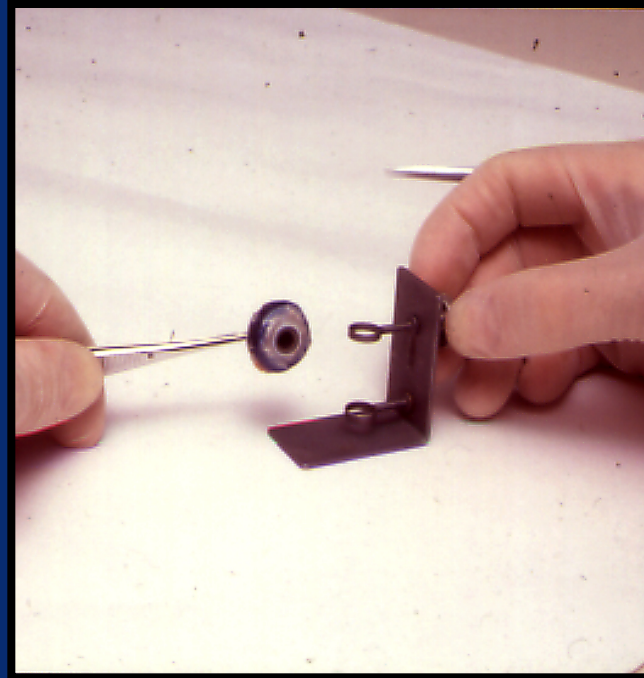
ICE – Test design



Fluorescein

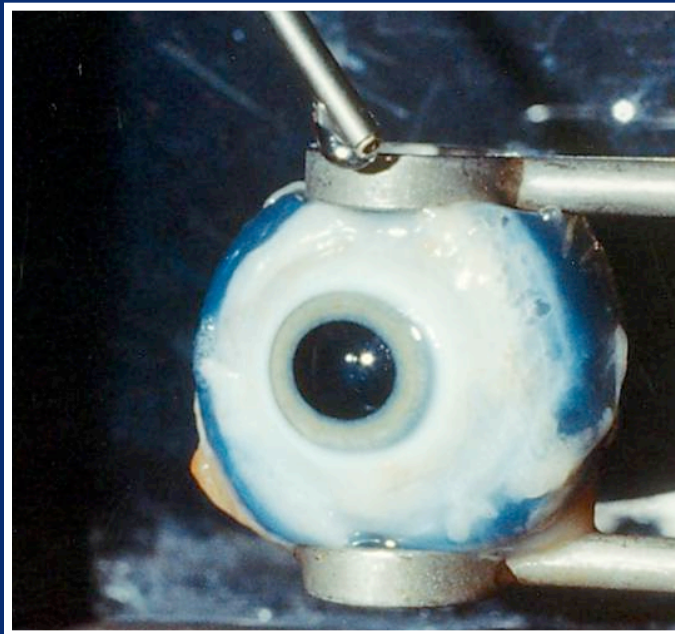
- Detection of damaged epithelium
- One drop and immediate rinsing

ICE – Test design



- Enucleation within 10 seconds

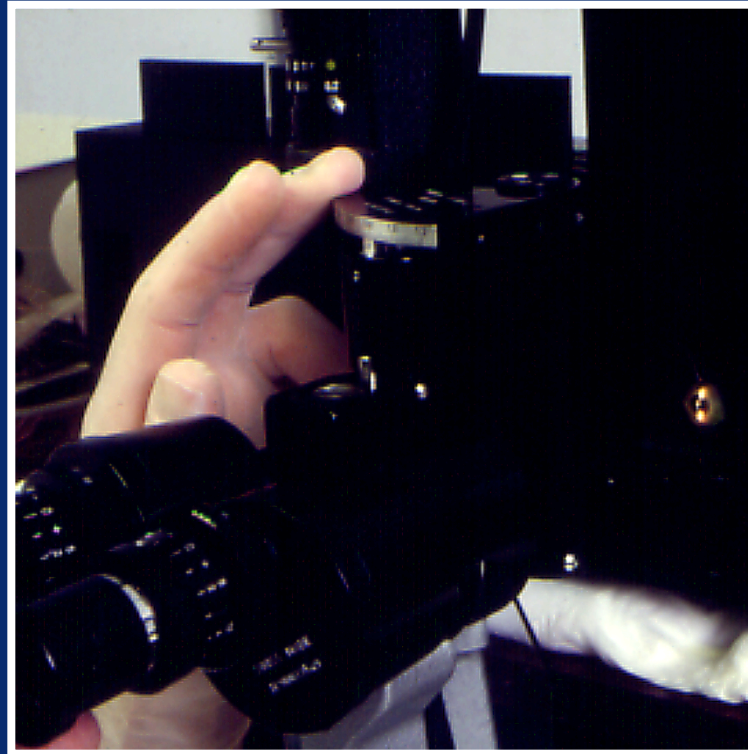
ICE – Test design



General conditions

- Saline drop every 2-3 seconds
- Room temperature ca 32 °C
- Acclimatization ca 45 min

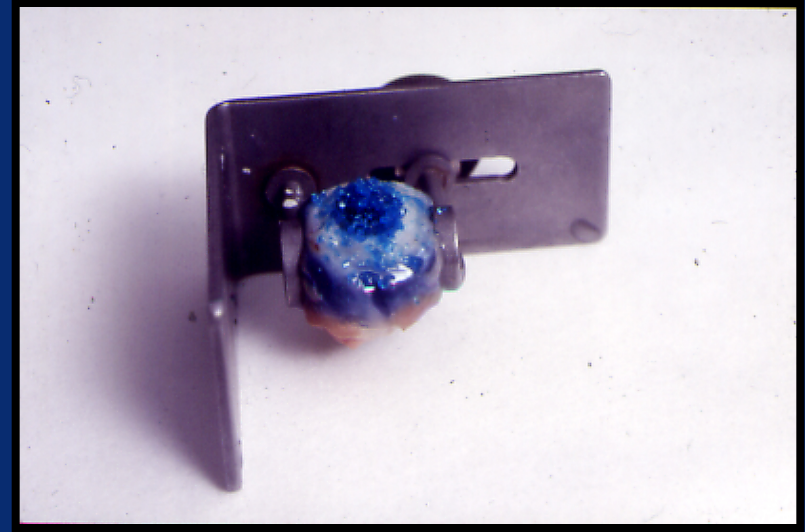
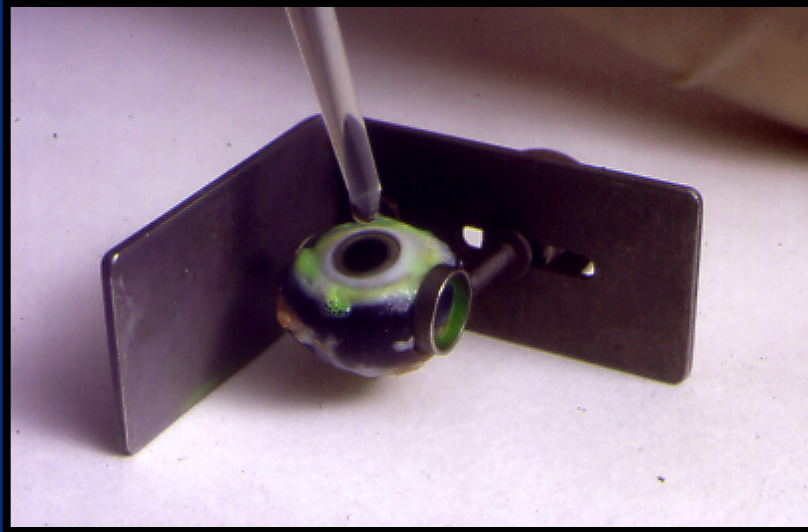
ICE – Test design



Baseline measurements

- Corneal opacity
- Corneal thickness
- Fluorescein retention

ICE – Test design

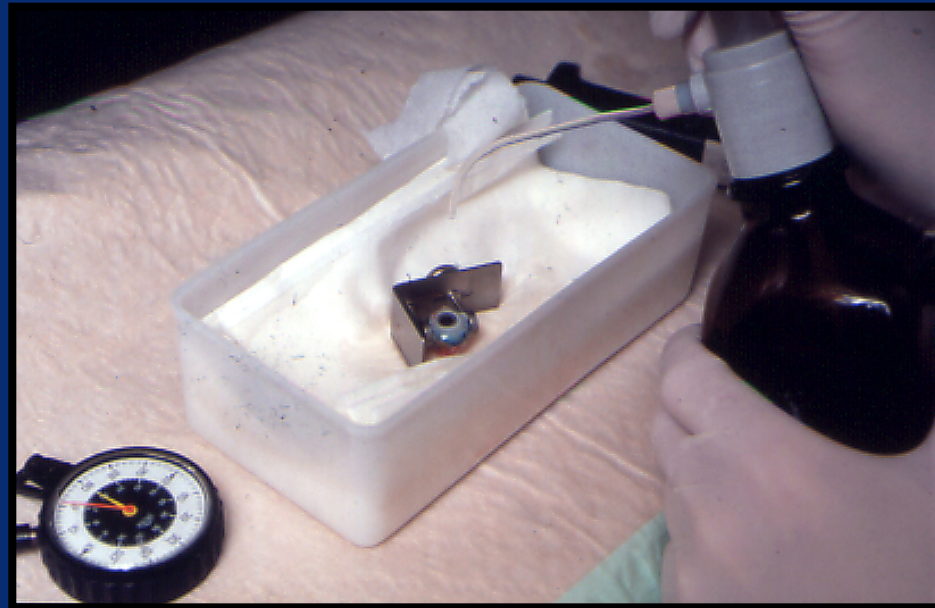


Liquids 30 μ l

Solids 30 mg

10 second application

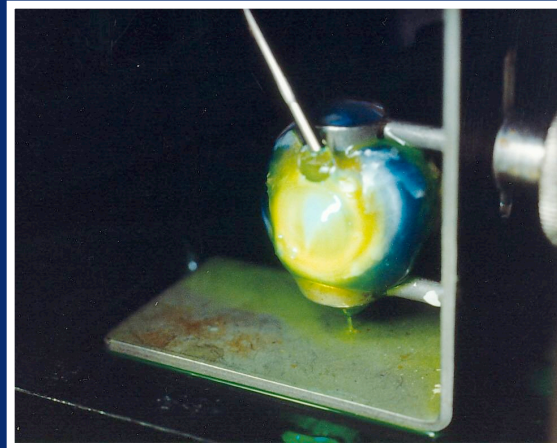
ICE – Test design



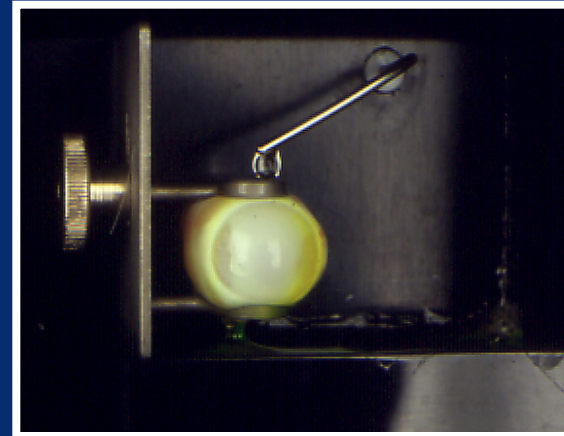
Rinsing with 20 ml of physiological saline (ambient)

ICE – Test design

Chicken eye

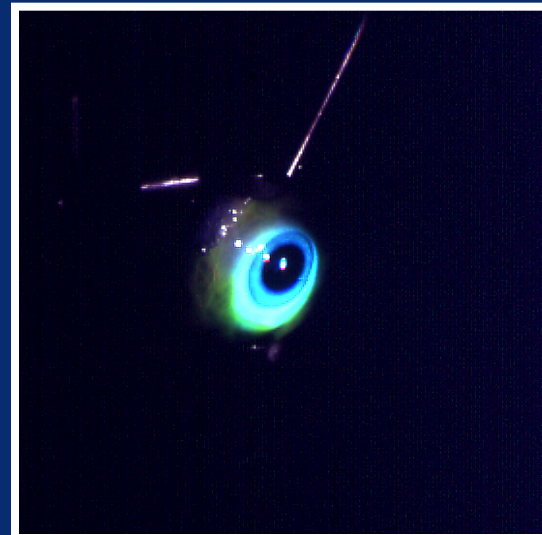
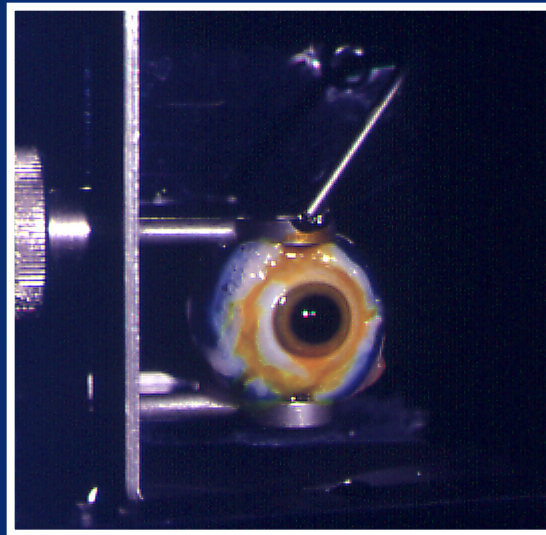


Rabbit eye



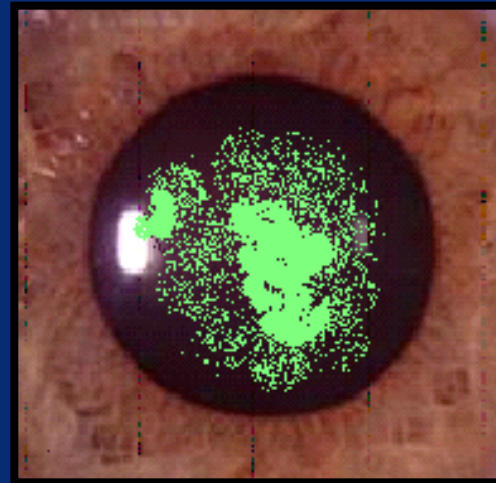
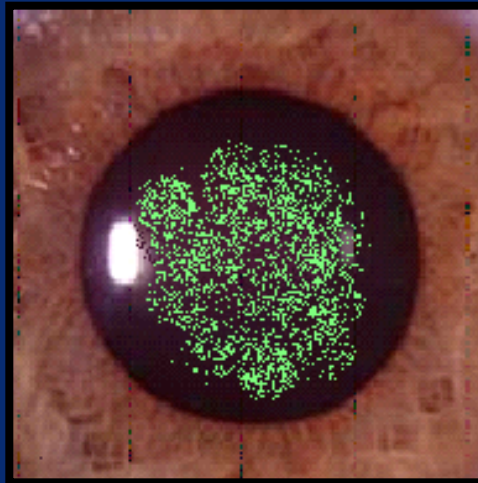
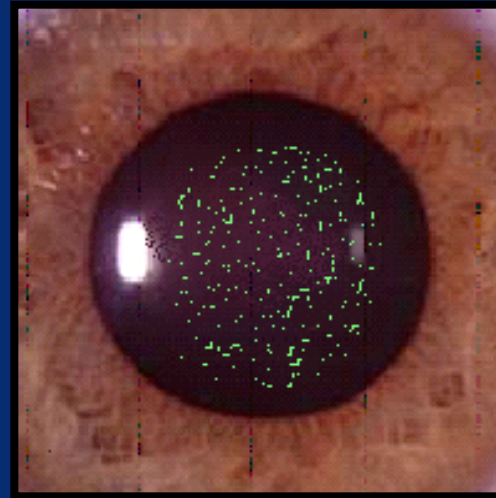
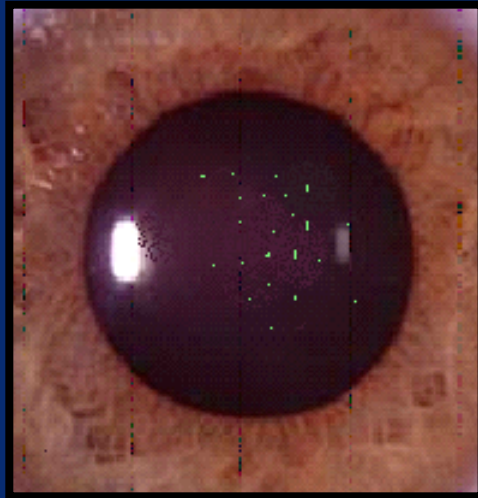
Determination of opacity by slit-lamp microscope examination

ICE – Test design

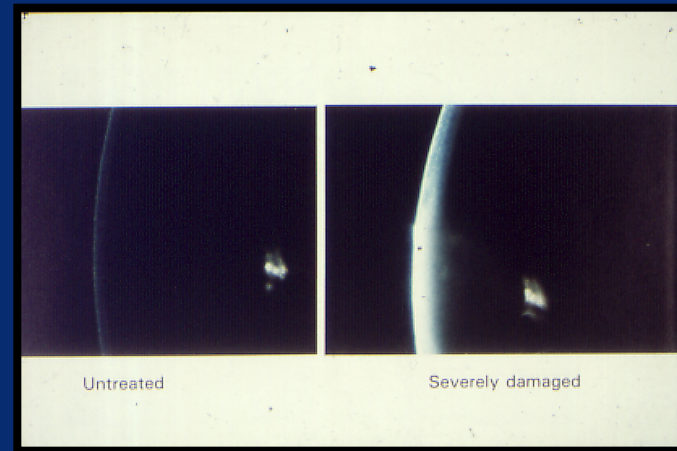
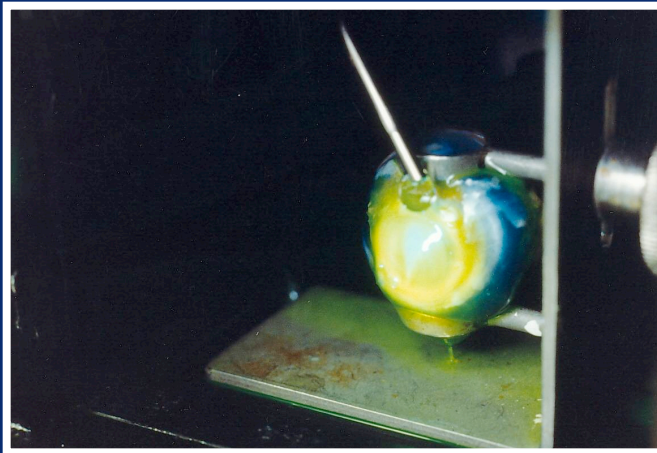
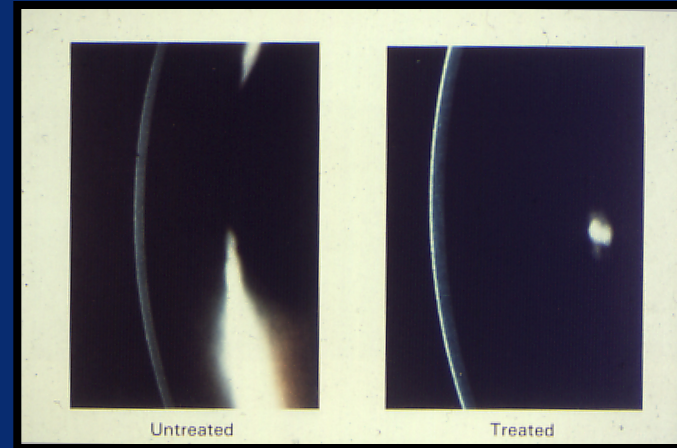
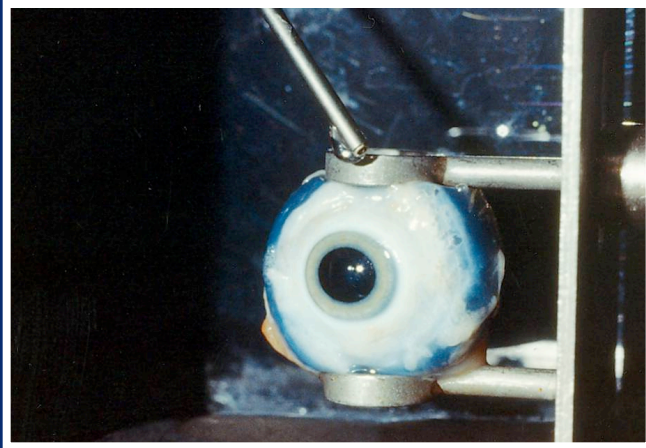


Determination of fluorescein retention by slit-lamp microscope examination

ICE – Test design

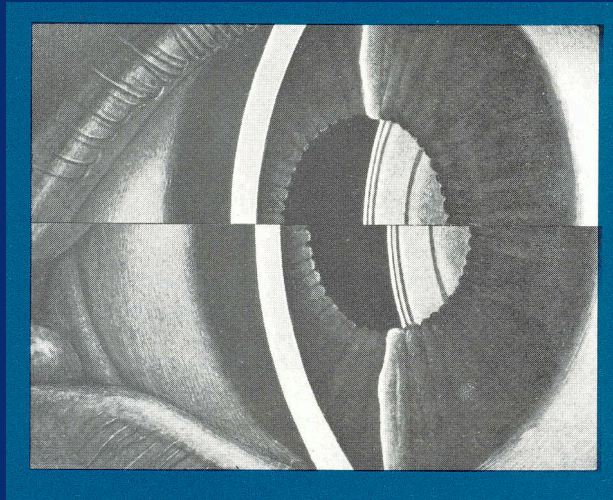


ICE – Test design



Determination of corneal thickness by slit-lamp microscope examination

ICE - Test design



Determination of corneal thickness by slit lamp microscope examination

ICE - Prediction model

- Corneal swelling 0-60%
- Corneal opacity 0-4
- Fluorescein retention 0-3
- Other

Grading irritancy: none/slight/moderate/severe
(EC)-classification: NI/R36/R41

ICE - Prediction model

Corneal opacity:

mean max. opacity score	Category	
• 0.0 - 0.5	I	(no effect)
• 0.6 - 1.5	II	(slight)
• 1.6 - 2.5	III	(moderate)
• 2.6 - 4.0	IV	(severe)

ICE - Prediction model

Fluorescein retention:

mean score

- 0.0 - 0.5
- 0.6 - 1.5
- 1.6 - 2.5
- 2.6 - 3.0

Category

- I
- II
- III
- IV

ICE - Prediction model

Corneal swelling:

Mean corneal swelling (%)		Category
• -5 - 5		I
• 6 - 12		II
• 13 - 18	(>75 min. after treatment)	II
•	(<75 min. after treatment)	III
• 19 - 26		III
• 27 - 32	(>75 min. after treatment)	III
•	(<75 min. after treatment)	IV
• >32		IV

ICE - Prediction model

Classification	Combinations of the three categories
• A. Not irritating	3 x I 2 x I, 1 x II
• B. Slightly irritating	3 x II 2 x II, 1 x I 2 x II, 1 x III 2 x I, 1 x IV ¹ 1 x I, 1 x II, 1 x III ¹
• C. Moderately irritating	3 x III 2 x III, 1 x II 2 x III, 1 x IV ² 2 x III, 1 x I ¹ 2 x II, 1 x IV ¹ 1 x II, 1 x III, 1 x IV ¹
• D. Severely irritating	3 x IV 2 x IV, 1 x III 2 x IV, 1 x II ¹ 2 x IV, 1 x I ¹ immediate corneal opacity score 3 corneal opacity score 4 severe loosening of epithelium

¹ Combinations of categories less likely to occur.

² The combination of 2 x III, and 1 x IV borderline case between moderately irritating and severely irritating

ICE - Prediction model

Classification	Combinations of the three categories
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NI = not irritating 3 x I (combination of A and B) 	3 x II 2 x I, 1 x II 2 x II, 1 x I 1 x I, 1 x II, 1 x III ¹
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R36 = irritating 3 x III (combination of B and C) 	2 x II, 1 x III 2 x III, 1 x II 2 x III, 1 x IV 2 x I, 1 x IV ¹ 2 x II, 1 x IV ¹ 2 x III, 1 x I ¹ 1 x II, 1 x III, 1 x IV ¹
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R41 = severely irritating 	3 x IV 2 x IV, 1 x III 2 x IV, 1 x II ¹ 2 x IV, 1 x I ¹ immediate corneal opacity score 3 corneal opacity score 4 severe loosening of epithelium

¹ Combinations of categories less likely to occur.
 The combination of 3 x II borderline case between non-irritating and irritating
 The combination of 2 x III, and 1 x IV borderline case between irritating and severely irritating

ICE – Positive control

TNO-voorschrift
ITV/IRR/006 F1
1 mei 2002

Versie 1

Pagina 1/1

TNO Voeding

Formulier : ITV/IRR/006 F1

Titel : scoreformulier Chicken Enucleated Eye Test (CEET)

Test compound(s) acetic acid 10% Liquid/solid/viscous/warmed/ground

Project no. ICC/Vam

Hydrophilic/hydrophobic

Date and signature 8 dec 2004 [Signature]

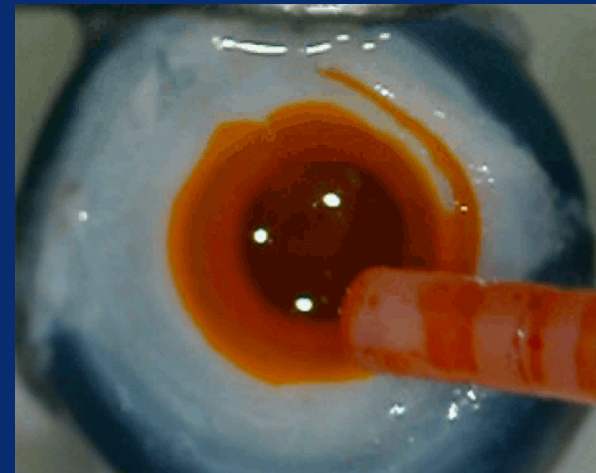
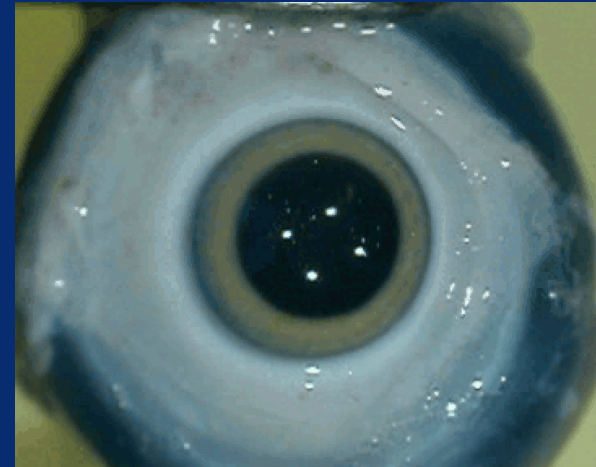
Appearance clear colourless

Eye no.	Corneal thickness (instrument units)							Corneal opacity							Other effects	Fluorescein Retention	
	9.30	10.15	10.45	11.20	12.15	13.15	14.15		0	30	75	120	180	240			0
T = 18"	-45	0	30	75	120	180	240		0	30	75	120	180	240			
1	60	60	68	72	74	76	76		0	3	3	3	2	2	Immediate opacity 3 ⁶⁰	0	n.d.
SW%				13	20	23	27										
2	63	63	73	77	78	79	79		0	3	3	3	3	3	"	0	n.d.
SW%				16	22	24	25										
3	65	65	76	79	81	84	85		0	3	3	3	2	2	"	0	n.d.
SW%				17	22	25	29	31									
4															opacity mainly in epithelium		
SW%																	
5	61	60	60	59	59	59	60		0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
SW%				0	-2	-2	-2										
6																	
SW%																	
7																	
SW%																	
8																	
SW%																	
9																	
SW%																	
10																	
SW%																	
11																	
SW%																	
Initials	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr	Mr		Mr	Mr
Mean 1			15	21	24	27	28			3	3	3	2	2			n.d.
Mean 2																	
Mean 3																	

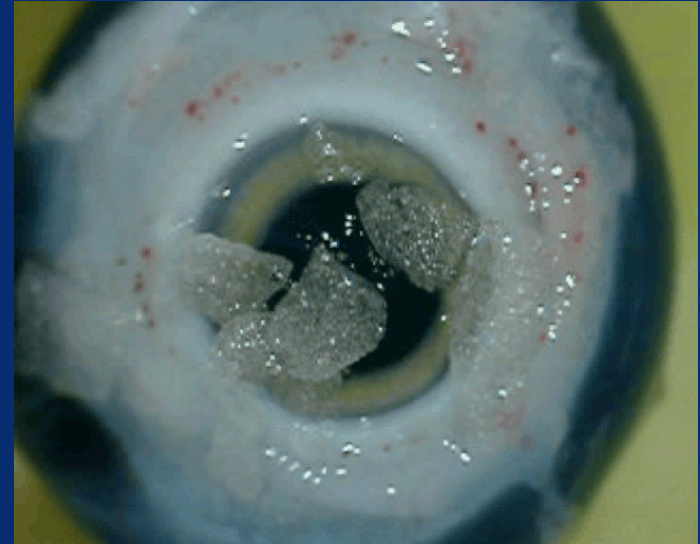
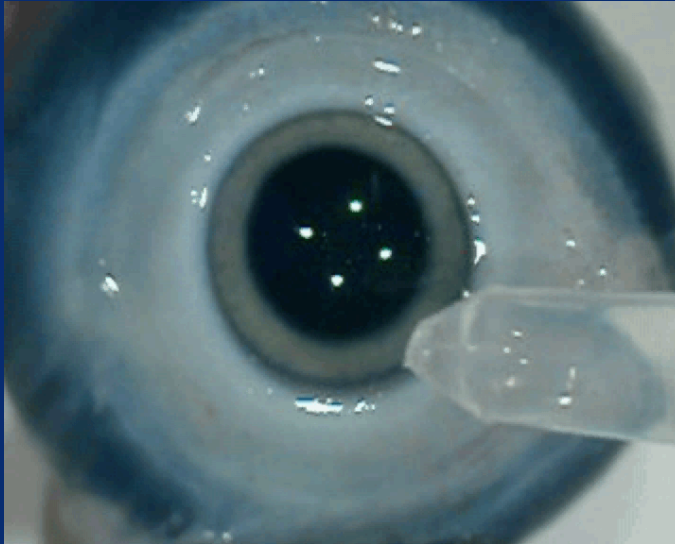
compound 1: Categories III, IV; n.d.
compound 2: Categories
compound 3: Categories

Classification R₄₁
Classification
Classification

n.d. = not discernable
epithelium fixated



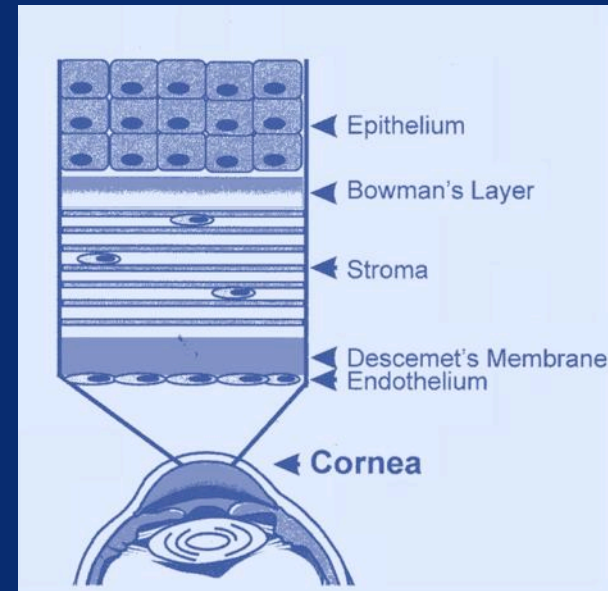
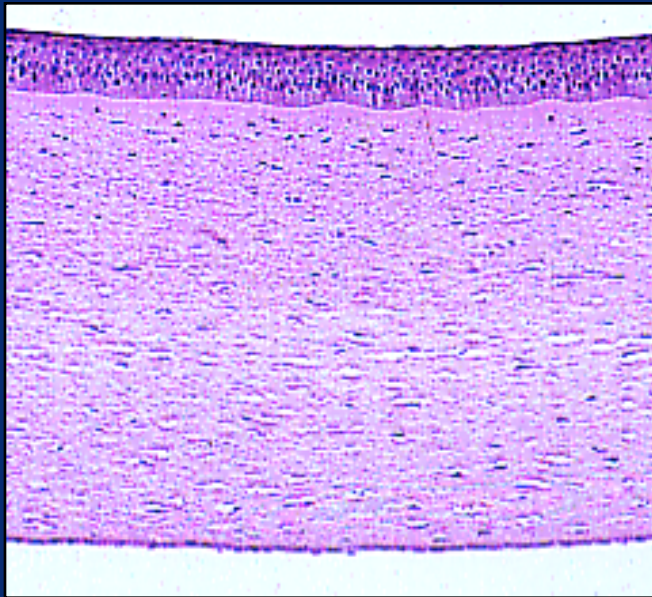
ICE – severe irritancy



Sodium hydroxide 10% and solid

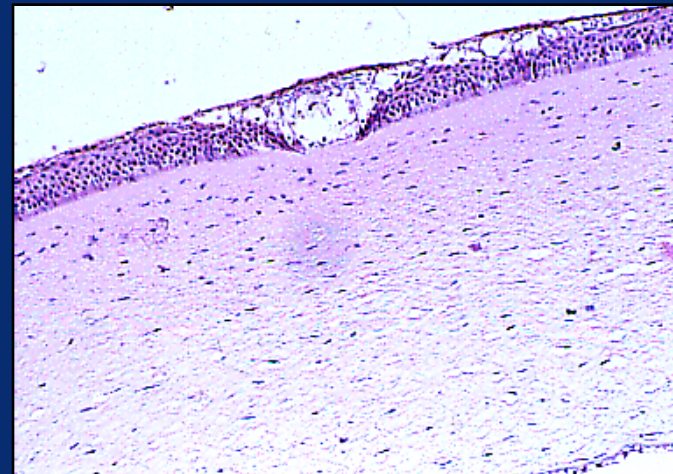
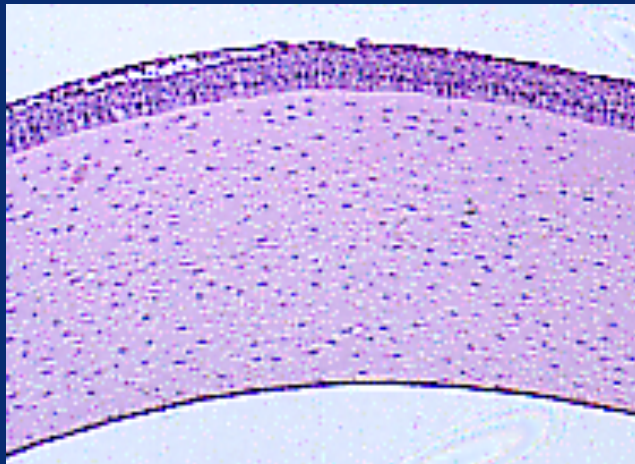
ICE - Optimization

- Histopathology of the cornea – depth of injury



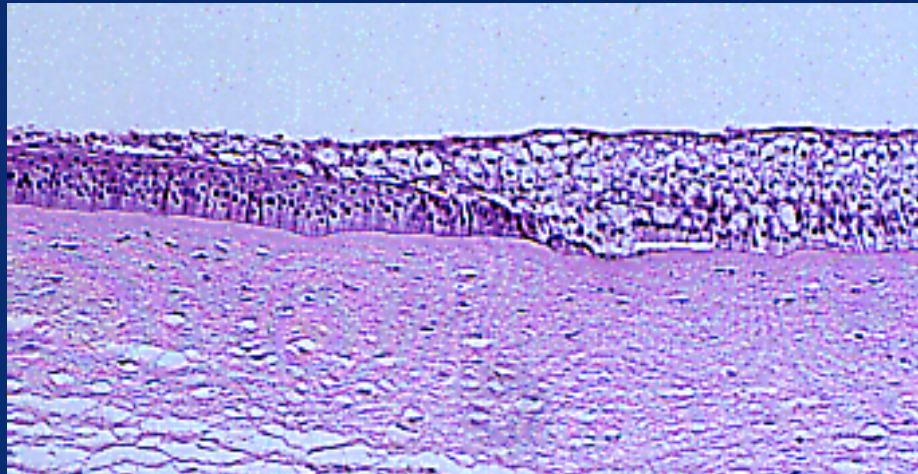
ICE - Optimization

- Histopathology of the cornea – depth of injury



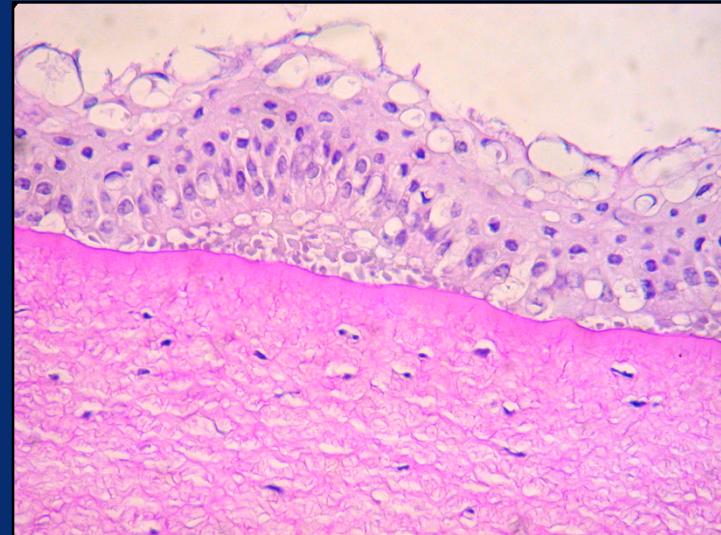
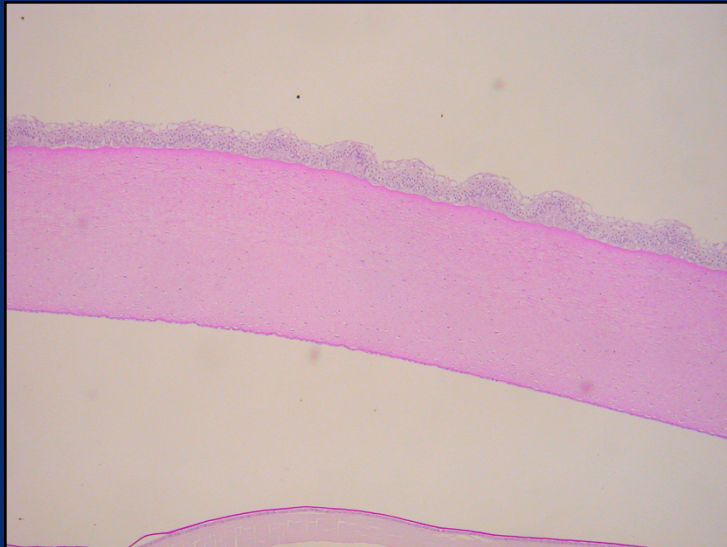
ICE - Optimization

- Histopathology of the cornea – depth of injury



ICE - Optimization

- Histopathology of the cornea – depth of injury



ICE in protocol toxicology

Eye irritation

- **prescreen OECD 405/EC B.5/EPA 870.2400**
Stripped non-GLP procedure
Full GLP ICE in case of severe irritancy
- **stand-alone**
Cosmetic/household (company policy)